

SALT LAKE DAILY HERALD

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SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1888.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

IT HANGS IN DOUBT

It Hinges on New York Returns.

BOTH CLAIM INDIANA.

Cleveland Goes to Harlem With 75,000.

WILL THE STATE OVERCOME IT?

German is Confident—Connecticut and New Jersey are All Right—Two Doubtful States.

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NEW YORK.

New York, November 6.—Advices to the Associated Press at 9 o'clock this morning state that it is cloudy and warm at Buffalo, Rochester, Albany, Utica, Hudson, Troy and Newburg. In this city a light rain is falling, but the chances are it will clear up before noon. There are great crowds at the polls. Everything is progressing quietly. Syracuse reports at 9 o'clock a heavy vote has already been cast.

10:15 a. m.—The clouds have now cleared away, and the sun is shining. The crowds around the polls increase. Charges of treachery and "knifing" are being freely made by both Tammany and Freely Democracy, and promptly denied by leaders of the factions.

10:20 a. m.—The election is being quietly carried on. At 6 o'clock the polling places opened. All banks, mercantile houses, and public offices are closed. To get voters out early buglers and bell-ringers were sent through the election precincts before the polls opened to wake the people up. In two or three districts, owing to the non-appearance of election inspectors, the polls were not opened till 8 or 9 o'clock, and it is doubtful whether a full vote can be polled. One of them is a dead Democratic district.

11:30 a. m.—A number of arrests for various causes. Coogan, for mayor, is running straight in the labor districts. The county Democracy claim that Hewitt, for mayor, is polling a larger vote than when he was elected two years ago.

It is reported that Tammany is selling Cleveland in behalf of Grant, Tammany's candidate for mayor, in some voting districts. A committee from headquarters made an investigation and one of the members reported afterwards that the cutting had been stopped. In the Twelfth District Assembly county Democrats, it is claimed, were selling out Cleveland for Hewitt and buying Hungarian votes.

United States Commissioners Duell and Shields had their hands full all the morning listening to charges against illegal voters. The most notable case was that of Patrick Sweeney, an employee of the United States Printing office, Washington, charged with giving a false address. He was paroled for examination.

2 p. m.—In the Twenty-third Ward a riot occurred at 11:30. A crowd of toughs swooped down upon Tammany booths and attempted to knock them over and destroy the tickets. A number of heads were smashed. The police arrived just in time to prevent serious trouble.

At Elizabeth Street station house 100 arrests had been made up to noon for illegal voting.

What the afternoon papers think of the situation in this city will be seen from the following headlines: "Trading, Cleveland being knifed in some districts. Harrison boldly supported by Cavanaugh's people. Tammany, as well as the counties accused. The National ticket sacrificed for local officers."

Telegram (Tammany Democrat): "Rushing to the rescue. The morning treachery at the polls was later checked. Tramping out the traders. Deals of the county Democracy shadowed and quashed."

Commercial-Advertiser (Hewitt): "Voters flocking to the polls all over the city. Indication of a great plurality for Cleveland. Hewitt doing well in spite of trading."

Mail and Express (Republican): "On the run. Democrats badly scared. News from New York State. It looks like Harrison. Hot fight for the governorship between Miller and Hill. Prohibition vote lighter than in 1884. City vote—a large part of it cast early this morning. Republicans out in force and holding their own. Harrison and Morton running slightly ahead of Warner Miller, because of the liquor dealer's desperate work. Gains of assemblymen and aldermen, and even on Congressmen."

An extra edition of the Mail and Ex-

press (Republican) sums up the situation as follows: Dispatches from all parts of New York indicate that the full vote is being cast, despite the threatening weather and rain; that Republicans are gaining ground at almost every point; the Prohibition vote is lighter than in '84, and there is excellent reason for believing many Prohibitionists and in part of the State many Democrats are voting for Warner Miller. Where the liquor dealers are strongest Governor Hill is running ahead of Cleveland, and at most points the Democrats are losing because of the tariff agitation. At Elmira, Hill's friends refused a Republican proposition that both sides refrain from any attempt at bribery at the polls. The vote is getting out early, and all indications are cheering to Republicans. There seems little doubt of marked Republican gains in the legislature, and the Republican delegation in Congress may be strengthened. In strong Republican counties there was intense interest, and the increase of the Republican vote was very marked.

NEWBURGH, N. Y., November 6.—The vote is heavy and cast early. Hill is running ahead of Cleveland.

11 a. m.—The weather is now clear. The labor vote is largely Republican here. The Prohibition vote will be smaller than in five years. Harrison will have 400 or 500 majority.

BUFFALO, November 6.—Rain began to fall at 10, but soon ceased. There are prospects of light showers during the day. A heavy vote is being cast. Republicans are very confident of increasing their majority of '84.

LONG ISLAND CITY, L. I., November 6.—A heavy vote is being polled in Queens County.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., November 6.—The weather is cloudy and voting heavy. Governor Hill is running ahead of the ticket all over the city.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., November 6.—

by 2,500, a gain of 500 over 1884. Republican estimates concede 2,000."

BROOKLYN, November 6.—The indications are that 120,000 of the 156,000 registered voters will get in their ballots. In some districts half the registered vote was deposited by 9 a. m.

CHICAGO, November 6.—A special from New York says, 5:15 p. m. Chairman Quay has just telegraphed General Harrison as follows: "We have carried New York and Connecticut, and your election is assured."

MATTHEW S. QUAY."

ITHACA, New York, November 6.—Seven election districts of the town of Ithaca (complete) give Cleveland 314 plurality, against 27 in 1884.

New York, November 6.—The First Assembly District in this city (complete) gives Harrison 1,930, Cleveland 5,046, Fisk 35, Cowdrey 30. In 1884 it gave



BENJAMIN F. HARRISON.

WATERTOWN, November 6.—Harrison's plurality in Jefferson County is estimated at 2,350, a Republican gain of 400.

ELMIRA, November 6.—Elmira City complete gives Cleveland a plurality of 311, a Democratic gain of 1,031 over 1884. Hill has a plurality of 685.

ELMIRA, November 6.—Elmira City corrected complete, gives Cleveland 2,776 plurality. Blaine carried the city in 1884 by 740.

AUBURN, November 6.—Cayuga County will give the Republican electoral ticket 3,350 plurality.

BROOKLYN, November 6.—The total number of districts, 375, in Brooklyn, complete, give Cleveland, 79,730; Harrison, 63,197; Fisk, 1,005; Streeter, 103. COOPERSTOWN, November 6.—Harrison's majority in Otsego County will be 1,000.

FLATBUSH, November 6.—Flatlands,

The Herald editorial says: "The indications are at the hour of going to press that Harrison is elected to the Presidency."

The Republican plurality in the State will be small. Hill is probably elected.

Seven hundred and seventeen election districts in New York State outside of New York and Kings Counties, give Cleveland 130,618; Harrison, 104,858; Fisk, 7,867. The same districts in 1884 gave Cleveland 123,267; Blaine, 149,545; St. John, 7,558.

This city complete gives for Mayor Erhard, R-publican, 68,721; Grant, 107,557; Hewitt, Democrat and Independent, 68,134; Cogan, Labor, 9,465. City complete: The bureau of election issues corrected complete figures on the electoral ticket as follows: Harrison, 105,736; Cleveland, 102,931; majority, 57,255.

BUFFALO, November 6.—City complete, Harrison 23,320, Cleveland 21,811; Republican majority of 1,509, a gain of 456 over 1884.

The Fifteenth Assembly District in this city complete, gives Harrison 3,024; Cleveland, 7,194; Fisk, 48; Cowdrey, 18. The same in 1884 gave Cleveland 6,253; Blaine 2,812; St. John 27.

The Twenty-third Assembly District in this city, complete, gives Harrison 10,913; Cleveland, 14,532; Fisk, 130; Cowdrey, 109. The same in 1884 gave Cleveland, 8,842; Blaine, 3,615; St. John, 88.

1884—Total vote, 1,167,226; Cleveland, 563,154; Blaine, 562,005; St. John, 25,063; Butler, 17,064.

INDIANA.

INDIANAPOLIS, November 6.—The day opened with a cold, drizzling rain, which at 10 o'clock shows no signs of abatement, the cold wind making it the most disagreeable day of the season. The voting is heavy.

Toward 11 o'clock the rain ceased

He was supported by several others, who demanded to see the warrant, whereupon Chief Marshal Okay and his six deputies drew revolvers, and surrounding the prisoner, carried him away.

1:30 p. m.—The weather is growing colder. No rain has fallen for nearly two hours, but the skies are leaden. One hundred arrests have been made. In most cases the arrested persons are suspects, but in others they are citizens charged with attempting to bribe or unlawfully influence voters. The vote cast up to this hour is unparalleled for size. Telegrams from Terre Haute, Vincennes, Evansville, and New Albany tell of rainy weather and heavy voting, with a number of arrests but no trouble. In northern Indiana things are quiet, but few arrests are known to have occurred.

Among the prominent citizens arrested this morning by deputy marshals were A. H. Nordyke, D. W. Morrison and Brainerd Morrison, composing the well-known manufacturing firm of Nordyke, Morrison & Co. They were arrested for having scratched ballots in their hands, which they were distributing, the charge being that they were deceiving voters. They were taken before the United States Commissioner and at once released on their own recognizance. They have each stated that they should at once instigate a suit against United States Marshal Hawkins for damages. Harry S. New, son of Col. John C. New, and one of the proprietors of the Journal, was arrested by a deputy United States Marshal for interfering with an officer. According to the best obtainable information the deputy marshal arrested a negro, and New asked the officer the reason. The officer is said to have replied, "None of your business," whereupon New said: "I'll make it my business," and the officer took him in. He was released on the commissioner on bail, and at once instituted a suit against Marshal Hawkins for \$20,000 damages, the papers being served on the marshal this afternoon.

Inquiries at the Republican headquarters elicit enthusiastic avowals of carrying the State for Harrison. Democratic managers are equally positive, and say they are in receipt of telegrams from different parts of the State which indicate that it is safe for the Democrats.

General Harrison passed the afternoon at home. About 3 o'clock he went out for a walk. The weather being chilly but bracing. Returning at 4 he found a bundle of telegrams awaiting him from all sections. They gave him estimates of an encouraging character in California, New York, Connecticut and a large number from points in Indiana, assuring him of heavy gains. While manifesting interests in the contents and assurances brought by telegrams, he is by odds the coolest person about the household. Numerous correspondents have called, offering to stay late with him but to all he sends a polite declination. His house to-night will be strictly as private as any other citizen's; his friends having arranged to receive returns in the city and wire them out. He is sending no replies to his many telegrams, nor is it likely that he will give out for publication to-night any telegrams he may receive. At a late hour an Associated Press correspondent had a pleasant chat with him and found him with his little grandson on his knee. He manifested not the least worriment or excitement. The same can be said of Mrs. Harrison, who goes about her household duties as usual, occasionally entering the library and reading the telegrams.

Attorney-General Michener at 6 o'clock sent the following to Blaine and Governor Foraker: "Our dispatches indicate that we have carried Indiana."

HADGES.

Special correspondent of the Associated Press.

EVANSVILLE, November 6.—The result cannot be definitely ascertained until to-morrow. Including Rockport, the county seat, there is reported over 300 Republican gain. This is a large Republican gain.

In this State the ticket voted comprises Presidential electors and State candidates, over 30 names in all, and as no counting is done until after the polls close it will be late before any returns whatever are in. In the Republican wharves, the probability of the vote in this county, General Harrison's home, it was the expressed opinion that the result was doubtful. As the vote in New York came in, some of the politicians below Harlem bridge would wipe out the Republican majority throughout the State, but the Syracuse gain revived their spirits. At 8 o'clock Chairman Huston expressed the opinion that the indications were favorable to the election of the Republican State ticket and Republican Presidential electors. At the Democratic headquarters committeemen were very jubilant, and claimed the success of their ticket, State and National.

Private dispatches from a hundred points in Indiana to Chairman Huston, up to 8:30, indicate satisfactory results for the entire Republican ticket, but these dispatches are only estimates and the judgment of prominent local Republicans over the State.

10 p. m.—There is the utmost enthusiasm around both committees headquarters. Both still claim the State, but the Republicans claim that their gain, as far as reported, is such as to render their prospects brilliant.

New York, November 6.—A Herald bulletin says there is every indication that Indiana has gone Democratic.

Eighty precincts in Indiana gave Harrison, 8,860; Cleveland, 7,791.

At 10:30 o'clock around the Democratic headquarters they are going wild over a New York World bulletin estimating 17,000 plurality for Cleveland in New York State. Ex-Senator McDonnell, sanguine of success. A telegram just received from Senator Gorman gave a great impetus to the confident feeling. It said: "We will have 70,000 below the bridge. It is not possible for them to overcome it. Connecticut and New Jersey are safe." The excitement after this was at fever heat, and being freely indulged in.

1884—Total vote, 494,774; Cleveland, 244,990; Blaine, 238,463; St. John, 3,923; Butler, 8,293.

PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA, November 6.—The day

Continued on Fourth Page.



Rain is falling throughout the county, but the vote unprecedented.

CHICAGO, November 6.—The following was received from Calvin S. Brice by the Daily News:

NEW YORK. Dispatches received at the National Democratic headquarters from various points in the interior of New York, New Jersey and Connecticut show a large early vote. Everything is progressing to the satisfaction of Democratic managers. In Brooklyn, as in New York, the attendance at the polls up to 9 o'clock was unusually large, and the Democratic vote is very promptly cast. CALVIN S. BRICE.

Daily News' New York special: All places of business are closed, the usual resorts are deserted and everybody is at the polls. There seems to be a great deal of trading going on. An Evening News man visited five polling places on Third Avenue and two on Seventh Avenue; it was found that one could get a vote for Harrison at any one of them, by giving a vote for either of the Democratic candidates for mayor, legislature or for an alderman. One ticket peddler on Third Avenue took the correspondent aside and offered two votes for Harrison if he would cast his vote for Coogan, Labor candidate for mayor. The cabman who drove the correspondent voted for Harrison, Hill and Hewitt and said the boys were going that way. The ticket taker at an elevated station voted for Harrison in exchange for two votes for Grant, Tammany nominee for mayor. These are mentioned as straws. There is as much trading as the Republicans expected.

Another dispatch from Calvin S. Brice to the Daily News, says: "A dispatch from William E. Fawcett, secretary of the Democratic committee of Kings County, just received at the National Democratic headquarters, says the voting in Brooklyn City is going on very rapidly and quietly. Democratic wards are polling a heavy vote, evidently taking more interest in an early hour than Republican wards. Kings County is safe for 32,000 for Cleveland and Thurman. Democrats claim from the present indications that Richmond County will go for Cleveland

Blaine 2,275, Cleveland 4,463, St. John 186.

Albion county will probably give Harrison 1,500 plurality, and Miller 1,300. John G. Sawyer (Republican) is expected to Congress in the Thirty-First District. Ira Edwards (Republican) is elected to the Assembly.

NEW YORK, November 6.—Grovesend, Kings County, including Coney Island, where there has been a serious Democratic split for some time, voted to-day as follows: Harrison 831, Cleveland 398. In 1884 the same towns voted Blaine 235, Cleveland 667.

BALLSTON, New York, November 6.—Republicans estimate Harrison's majority in Saratoga county at 1,800.

SOMERVILLE, New York, November 6.—Forty-one towns, including no cities, give a net Republican gain of 780.

SYRACUSE, New York, November 6.—The City of Syracuse, complete, gives Harrison a majority of 3,255, a gain of 1,636 over Blaine in 1884.

WATERTOWN, New York, November 6.—The Republican majority in this city is 286. Republicans have carried every district in the city for the first time in many years. The county will give a Republican majority of about 2,400.

FLATBUSH, L. I., November 6.—Flatbush, complete gives Cleveland 1,061, Harrison 747, Fisk 175.

CANARUAHUE, New York, November 6.—Montgomery county will give Harrison 1,000 majority, with gains in every district.

AUBURN, New York, November 6.—Harrison's plurality in Cayuga County is 3,400, a Republican gain of 231.

UTICA, November 6.—Harrison's majority in Utica will be over 200.

NEW YORK, November 6.—The Eleventh Assembly District complete: Harrison 3,817, Cleveland 3,615, Fisk 33, Cowdrey 2. In 1884 the same district gave Cleveland 3,342, Blaine 3,667, St. John 35.

Kings County, complete, gives Cleveland 413; Harrison, 418; Fisk, 13.

OLEAN, N. Y., November 6.—Returns from twenty electoral districts in Cattaraugus County indicate that the Republicans will have a plurality in the county of 2,100.

SYRACUSE, November 6.—Thirty-five out of 69 election districts in Oneondaga County show a gain for Harrison over Blaine of 1,702. An estimate gives the county to the Republicans by 6,000 majority.

NORWICH, N. Y., November 6.—There is 1,200 Republican majority in Chenango County.

NEW YORK, November 6.—The Second Assembly District, this city, complete, gives Harrison, 2,560; Cleveland, 5,393; Fisk, 2; Cowdrey, 63. The same district in 1884 gave Cleveland 5,261, Blaine 2,130.

NEW YORK, November 6.—Kings County complete gives Cleveland 82,447; Harrison, 70,587; Fisk, 1,035. In 1884 it gave Cleveland 67,639; Blaine, 52,390; St. John 1,336.

Tompkins County, complete, gives Cleveland 3,914; Harrison, 5,081; Fisk, 325. In 1884 it gave Cleveland 3,992; Blaine, 4,420; St. John, 267.

NEW YORK, November 6.—Twelve districts in Orleans County gives Cleveland 2,377; Harrison, 3,019; a Republican gain over 1884 of 114.

UTICA, N. Y., November 6.—The majority for Harrison in Oneida County will be about 2,000.

NEW YORK, November 6.—Harrison's plurality in Delaware County will be 1,100.

A Herald bulletin says General Knapp says the Republicans carry New York State by 10,000.

NEW YORK, November 6.—In the city, two districts missing, Harrison, 105,529; Cleveland, 102,497; Fisk, 1,291; Cowdrey, 1,532.

and there are signs of clearing, but the atmosphere is damp and the streets sloppy. Reports of arrests are coming in, both sides swearing out warrants charging attempts to commit fraud.

At 10:30 there was a crowd of about 100 standing around and within a lively stable in Seventh Street, where citizens of the Third Precinct, Second Ward, vote. The rain had ceased. Shortly before two men wearing fall overcoats with collars turned up, walked quietly along Seventh Street and entered the polling place. They were General Harrison and his son Russell. The distance from their residence to the polling place is some three and a half squares. The chute being open when the General arrived, he walked up to the window and in the quietest possible manner handed in his ballot.

The inspector dropped the paper into the box he called out the name, "Benjamin Harrison," and the clerk responded, "Number 237," signifying the number of ballots cast up to that hour. As this precinct only cast 302 votes in 1884, and 357 in 1886, it will be seen that over two-thirds of the vote was in to-day at 10:30. Russell Harrison did not vote being a citizen of Montana. After the General had voted the crowd gathered about him and a short session of hand-shaking took place. Among those who greeted him were H. D. Niece, nephew of the late Hendricks, and W. O. Day, a prominent business man and a Democrat. After remaining about twenty minutes and chatting with a score of acquaintances or more present, the General and his son walked back to the house. The General seemed in excellent spirits, and if he felt in any way anxious over this eventful day's work, not a shadow of it was manifested on his smiling countenance. Around his residence everything is very quiet. No serious disturbances have been reported up to noon, but there came near being a fight at the First Precinct, Fourth Ward, at 11 o'clock, when Chief Deputy Marshal Okay arrested an old man named Gus Stewart, charging him with being an illegal voter. This is a very strong colored precinct, and there was a demand made by one of the colored bystanders to know the grounds of the charge against Stewart.

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The returns, allowing for the missing districts, indicate that the entire Tammany county ticket is elected.

NEW YORK, November 6.—A Tribune bulletin says: Hill is probably elected Harrison has carried the State by a plurality of 15,000 to 20,000.